836. The following is a table showing the railway receipts per mile Railway in the United Kingdom and British possessions, and also in those receipts per mile in foreign countries for which statistics were available:-

various countries.

RAILWAY RECEIPTS PER MILE IN VARIOUS COUNTRIES.

Country.	Annual Receipts per Mile Open.	Country.	Annual Receipts per Mile Open.
Tiebel Tieseless	\$ 15.100	N G 1 W 1	\$ 5.100
United Kingdom Belgium	$\begin{array}{c c} 17,130 \\ 12,167 \end{array}$	New South Wales Trinidad and Tobago	5,163 4.957
France	11,967	Cape Colony	4.163
Russia		Jamaica	4,078
Germany	10,006	Australia	4,024
Austria-Hungary		Australasia	3,684
British Guiana	7,806	Canada	3,440
Natal	7,265	New Zealand	2,628
India	6,648	Barbados	2,380
Ceylon	6,575	South Australia	2,353
United States	6,569	Newfoundland	2,088
Italy	6,424	Queensland	2,000
Victoria	6,351	Tasmania	2,219
Mauritius	5,856	Western Australia	1,168

837. The receipts per mile in Canada are less than in most of the Receipts countries named, but, with the exception of Victoria and New South in Canada Wales, are higher than in the Australasian colonies. In comparing with other the receipts of Canada and Australasia with other countries, the large colonies. area in most cases to be covered must be taken into account. The receipts by provinces in Canada, if they could be obtained, would be the most correct figures to compare with the receipts of the several Australasian colonies.

838. Almost all the railway companies in the Dominion use a gauge Gauge of of 4 feet $8\frac{1}{2}$ inches. The only exceptions are the Carillon and Gren-Canadian ville, with a gauge of 5 feet 6 inches; the Prince Edward Island Rail-railways. way, with a gauge of 3 feet 6 inches; and the Lake Temiscamingue Railway Company and the Alberta Railway and Coal Company, where the gauge is 3 feet.

839. The quantity and description of rolling stock in the years 1890 Rolling and 1891 will be found in the next table :--

stock in use, 1890 and 1891.